SK STONE KING

SUMMARY OF COMMON FORMS FOR SOCIAL ENTERPRISES

	Trust or Unincorporated Association	Charitable	Registered Societies			Companies (including community interest companies (CICs))					
		Incorporated Organisation (CIO)	Benefit of Community (BenCom)		Cooperative	Guarantee		Shares		LLP	
		Organisation (CiO)				Company Ltd by Guarantee	CIC Ltd by Guarantee	CIC Ltd by Shares	Company Limited by Shares		
Likely to be used for ¹	Unincorporated associations: sports clubs, small community projects Trusts: small grant making charity	New charities, in particular service providing (note possible difficulties with secured borrowing – see Debt finance below)	Democratic, community focused, non-profit organisations (e.g. housing association, credit union, community development finance institution)		Community development finance institutions (e.g. credit unions) and more commercial social enterprises with members	Most new charities prior to 2013 introduction of CIO. Larger charities including service-providing. Grant funded or not for profit companies	Specifically designed for social enterprises with protected social mission	Specifically designed for social enterprises with protected social mission	Usually a commercial venture. May be used for social purposes. ² <i>Very</i> rarely a charity ³	Joint venture project or consortia, particularly where see-through tax beneficial	
Social purpose protected?	If charitable or constitutional requirement	Yes	FCA must approve any changes to rules		FCA must approve any changes to rules	If charitable or constitutional requirement	Yes	Yes	Only if constitutional requirement	If in Members' Agreement	
Tax Treatment for organisation –brief summary 4, 5	No charitable tax breaks if non-charitable. If charitable, similar to CIO	No corporation tax for charitable activities. SDLT and CGT exemptions. Rates relief. ^{5, 6} Gift Aid on donations	If charitable, same as for CIO ⁵ . Rates relief sometimes given even if not charitable		No particular tax reliefs although interest can be paid on shares which may also attract tax incentives	No charitable tax breaks if non-charity. If charitable, same as for CIO ⁵	No charitable tax breaks. Rates relief sometimes (rarely) given. See note 5	No charitable tax breaks. Rates relief sometimes (rarely) given. ⁵	No particular tax reliefs (although see note 5)	Tax charge on members' profit share. No particular tax reliefs	
Purposes	If non charity = any If charity = charitable and for public benefit	Charitable and for public benefit	Benefit of the community		Benefit of its members	If non charity = any If charity = charitable and for public benefit	Benefit of the community	Benefit of the community	Any	Any commercial purposes	
Asset Lock	If charitable	Yes	Yes (although loopholes) but definitely if charitable		No, unless specified (and loopholes)	Usually, but definitely if charitable	Yes	Yes	No (although can include exceptionally)	If in Members' Agreement	
Members voting rights	Unincorporated Association: as set out in the rules/ constitution and usually one member, one vote. Trusts do not have members	Usually one member, one vote	One member, one vote		One member, one vote	Usually one member, one vote	Usually one member, one vote	Usually proportionate to shareholding	Usually proportionate to shareholding	As per Members' Agreement	
Debt finance	Yes (bank/lender may require personal guarantee from trustee(s))	Yes (although presently no register of charges and so likely issues with security)	Yes (if charitable, ensure repayment terms are reasonable)		Yes	Yes (if charitable, ensure repayment terms are reasonable)	Yes (caps on performance related interest (quasi equity))	Yes (caps on performance related interest (quasi equity))	Yes	Yes	
Equity finance available	Νο	Νο	Yes, although limitations (plus additional caps if charitable)		Yes, although limitations (useful for start-up capital)	No	Νο	Yes, although dividend cap (useful for equity investment via shares)	Yes (useful for equity investment via shares)	Yes	
Constitution	'Constitution' or 'Trust deed'	Constitution	Rules		Rules	Articles of Association	Articles of Association	Articles of Association	Articles of Association	Members' Agreement	
Regulator	None / Charity Commission (if charitable and registrable if above threshold)	Charity Commission	Financial Conduct Authority ⁷		Financial Conduct Authority ⁷	Companies House (& also Charity Commission if charitable and registrable if above threshold)	Companies House & CIC Regulator	Companies House & CIC Regulator	Companies House	Companies House	
KEY Charity				Notes							
Unincorporated Can be a charity				 Charity status is likely to be driven by a long-term desire to benefit the public and safeguard the assets of the charity. Note that various bodies are developing share companies with different levels of social purpose enshrined at present, although no one commonly accepted model currently 							
Incorporated (i.e. Limited Liability) Not a Charity				exists. 3 In exceptional circumstances (e.g. US/UK dual registered charities), share companies may be charities but this is extremely unusual.							
This summary is designed to give you an overview only. It should not be acted on without taking professional advice on a given situation.				4 VAT 5 Inves	4 VAT planning will also be relevant, which is outside the scope of this note, but please note that charities are not exempt.						
0800 111 4336 stoneking.co.uk				 Social Investment Tax Relief (SITR) may be available for investments of shares or debt in charities, CICs and BenComs (subject to certain conditions). Rates relief for charities is mandatory at 80% relief and a further discretionary 20% (at the Local Authority's discretion). It has been intended for some time that charitable BenComs will need to register with the Charity Commission but this has been delayed indefinitely at present. 							
SK18-06				NB: CAS	SCs are increasingly popular	for amateur sports clubs and offe	r some tax relief. Please s	see separate Stone King	briefing.		